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## **Claims**

## What is claimed is:

- 5 1. A method of screening compounds suspected of being skin irritants, comprising:
  - a) providing
    - i) a compound suspected of being a skin irritant;
  - ii) a skin equivalent comprising a irritant responsive reporter gene construct; and
  - b) contacting said skin equivalent with said compound; and
  - c) measuring the level of gene expression from said reporter gene construct.
  - 2. The method of Claim 1, wherein said human skin equivalent has a surface electrical capacitance of from about 80 to about 120 pF.
  - 3. The method of Claim 1, wherein the content of ceramides 5, 6, and 7 in said skin equivalent is from about 20 to about 50% of total ceramide content.
  - 4. The method of Claim 1, wherein the content of ceramide 2 in said skin equivalent is from about 10 to about 40% of total ceramide content.
- The method of Claim 1, wherein said skin equivalent comprises
  keratinocytes selected from the group consisting of primary keratinocytes and immortalized keratinocytes.
  - 6. The method of Claim 5, wherein said immortalized keratinocytes are NIKS cells.

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- 7. The method of Claim 1, wherein said keratinocytes express heterologous GKLF.
- The method of Claim 1, wherein said irritant responsive reporter construct
  comprises at least a portion of a gene selected from the group consisting of interleukin-8 and interleukin-1α.
  - 9. The method of Claim 8, wherein said portion comprises a regulatory region.
  - 10. A composition comprising NIKS cells, said NIKS cells comprising an irritant responsive reporter gene construct.
- 11. The composition of Claim 10, said NIKS cells having a surface electrical capacitance of from about 40 to about 240 pF.
  - 12. The composition of Claim 10, said NIKS cells having a surface electrical capacitance of from about 80 to about 120 pF.
- 20 13. The composition of Claim 10, wherein the combined content of ceramides 5, 6, and 7 in said NIKS cells is from about 20 to about 50% of total ceramide content.
  - 14. The composition of Claim 10, wherein the content of ceramide 2 in said NIKS cells is from about 10 to about 40% of total ceramide content.
  - 15. The composition of Claim 10, wherein said NIKS cells express heterologous GKLF.
- 16. The NIKS cells of Claim 10, further comprising keratinocytes derived 30 from two different sources.

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- 17. The NIKS cells of Claim 10, further comprising a DNA construct comprising a sequence encoding GKLF operably linked to an exogenous promoter. 18. An organotypic culture comprising the NIKS cells of Claim 10. 19. A method of identifying irritant responsive genes, comprising: a) providing i) a skin irritant compound; ii) a gene expression array; and iii) a skin equivalent; and contacting said skin irritant compound with said skin equivalent to b) generate irritant treated skin equivalent; c) isolating a first mRNA sample from said irritant treated skin equivalent and a second mRNA sample from said skin equivalent; contacting said first and second mRNA samples with said gene d) expression array; e) analyzing said gene expression array under conditions such that the identity of genes that are expressed at greater levels in said irritant treated skin
- 20. The method of Claim 19, wherein skin equivalent comprises cultured human keratinocytes.

equivalent than in said skin equivalent are determined.

- 25 21. The method of Claim 20, wherein said cultured human keratinocytes are present as an organotypic culture.
  - 22. The method of Claim 19, wherein said irritant responsive reporter construct comprises at least a portion of a gene selected from the group consisting of interleukin-8 and interleukin-1α.

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- 23. The method of Claim 22, wherein said portion comprises a regulatory region.
- 5 24. The method of Claim 19, wherein said gene array comprises human cDNA sequences.